

AFRICA

A.1 / BURUNDI 2017–2018 / CAMPS CLOSURE

NATURAL DISASTER

CASE STUDY

BURUNDI 2017–2018 / CAMPS CLOSURE

KEYWORDS: Camp decommissioning, Semi-permanent shelter, Rental support

CRISIS	El Niño and La Niña rains and floods, October 2015–March 2016	
TOTAL PEOPLE AFFECTED	5,068 households (30,408 individuals) as of Jan 2016 (UN OCHA, https://bit.ly/2FRG533)	
TOTAL PEOPLE DISPLACED	5,022 people in the targeted provinces	
PROJECT LOCATIONS	Provinces of Bujumbura Rural and Rumonge	
PROJECT BENEFICIARIES	767 IDP households (5,022 direct beneficiaries) 40 households plus 390 individuals from the host community	
PROJECT OUTPUTS	434 households assisted with rental support 334 semi-permanent shelters constructed Other outputs: provision of 727 NFI kits; 727 Hygiene kits; 434 Agriculture kits; 1,115 cash-for-work grants	
MATERIALS COST	USD 1,472 for the semi-permanent shelter, including latrine, kitchen and stone foundations USD 1,050 for the semi-permanent shelter alone USD 107 for the rental support for six months	
PROJECT COST	USD 1,565 per household	

PROJECT SUMMARY

The project decommissioned four camps for flood-affected, displaced persons and offered shelter support, NFI kits, transportation and re-integration assistance to the camps' inhabitants. More than 5,000 individuals were resettled in safe and dignified areas, although they remained in need of more secure and durable solutions. Those who could move to a safe piece of land received semi-permanent shelters and latrines, while those who could not were provided with rental support for six months.

